

# Siemens and the secrets of Stuxnet

Industrial Cyber Security



#### Agenda





# **Overview**





#### **Evolution of the cyber threat landscape**



# Stuxnet





#### Stuxnet: Targeted Trojan against specific Plant Configuration

#### **Trojan Analysis**

- High sophistication of propagation and infection mechanisms:
  - 4 zero-day exploits within the Microsoft Windows operating system
  - Theft of 2 different valid certificates
  - 60000 lines of code
- Implementation of the Trojan required
  - in-depth expertise of SIMATIC programming and
  - insider knowledge of specific plant details

#### Impact

Infected general PCs	>10000
Infected PCs with SIMATIC automation software installed	24
Number of damaged plants known to Siemens	0

### sueddeutsche.de

#### Cyberkrieg: Sabotageziel Iran

Von Helmut Martin-Jung und Paul-Anton Krüger

Ein hochkomplexes Schadprogramm infiziert Computer in Industrieanlagen weltweit. Nun äußern Experten einen brisanten Verdacht: Sollten Irans Atomanlagen sabotiert werden?

ource: Süddeutsche Zeitung Online, 22.9.2010

# Lesson Learned 1





#### Lessons Learned 1: Have a process for vulnerability handling!

#### We expect them...

- Party Researchers
- Government Test Labs
- Security Standards
- Siemens System Test

#### We plan for them...

- Have made changes in our processes
- Are making changes in our products

#### Siemens is working to avoid them...

- Initial Design
- System Test
- Security Test Lab

We will support our customers!



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# Lesson Learned 2





#### Lessons Learned 2: Take a leading standard and apply it! Defense-in-Depth-Concept based on IEC-62443



Plant security

- Physical access protection
- Processes and guidelines
- Holistic security monitoring



- Cell protection
- Perimeter protection
- Firewalls and VPN



System integrity

- System hardening
- Patch management
- Detection of attacks
- Authentication and access
  protection

Holistic Security Concept takes security on the next level - A holistic approach for IT and OT

### HSC answers key questions for security in business

#### "What in my business do I need to protect?"

Identification of the critical business assets is a core component of the concept

#### "Which level of security do I need?"

Security level drives requirements, in alignment with IEC 62443, to protect against attacks

#### "How do I protect the specific assets?"

Standards based security solutions are applied to protect and monitor the critical assets

#### HSC addresses 5 levers including the IT





#### **General Workflow for the Protection of Product-specific Assets**

#### IEC62443/ISO27001 Based Method

The scope comprises the product and business activities to be considered by HSC

Definition of

Scope

Identification and Business Impact Assessment of Product-specific Assets

Product-specific assets e.g. specifications, source code) are penerated during the product lifecycle

> Risk Assessment

Definition of

**Target Level** 

The protection concept is assessed by measuring the achieved protection level and by conducting a risk analysis to identify the residual risks Development and Implementation of Protection Concept

The protection concept includes adequate technical and procedural measures to address the requirements



Protection Levels are the key criteria and cover security functionalities and processes



#### Selected HSC security measures from PL 1 to PL 4

	Secure Physical Access	Organize Security	Secure Solution Design	Secure Operations	Secure Lifecycle management
PL 4	Revolving doors with card reader and PIN; Video Surveillance and/or IRIS Scanner at door	Dual approval for critical actions	Firewalls with Fail Close (e.g. Next Generation Firewall) 	 Monitoring of all device activities	Online security functionality verification
	Revolving doors with card	 No Email, No WWW, etc.			Automated backup / recovery
	reader	in Secure Cell	2 PCs (Secure Cell/outside)	 Monitoring of all human interactions	 Remote access with cRSP or equivalent
PL 2	Doors with card reader	Persons responsible for security within own organization	Physical network segmentation or equivalent (e.g. SCALANCE ) 	 Continuous monitoring (e.g. SIEM)	Backup verification Remote access restriction (e.g. need to connect principle)
+		Mandatory security education	Network <b>segmentation</b> Firewall		Backup / recovery system
PL 1	Locked building/doors with keys	Mandatory rules on USB sticks (e.g. Whitelisting)		Security logging on all systems	

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## Lessons Learned 3





#### Lessons Learned 3: Build a Security Network

#### **Tasks of the Security Hubs**

- Setup of Security Network
- Worldwide Incident handling
- Setup of Alerts and remedies
- Cooperation with ....
  - Local CERT
  - Governmental Departments
  - Standardization & Regulations
- Handling of Import/Export Issues



#### Industrial Security Cooperation with governmental organizations

Security Network External Partners

### The organizational background of the CERT organizations

- The first CERT was founded in 1988
- Several hundred CERT organizations for governmental and private sector worldwide
- Trusted information exchange via the international organization "FIRST"
- Expected rules of cooperation are defined in the operational framework of FIRST
  - Siemens has a ProductCERT

#### **CERT** cooperation





### **The Outcome**



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#### **Industrial Security** Granted Certificates







- Protection against DoS attacks
- Defined behavior in case of attack
- Improved Availability

#### • IEC 62443

 Certification of "Secure Product Development Lifecycle" for Division DF and PD based on IEC 62443-4-1 for 34 Sites since 2016



- ANSSI certification (CSPN)
- First security level certification (CSPN – Certification de Sécurité de Premier Niveau)



**Industrial Security -** Certification based on IEC 62443-4-1, 4-2 and 3-3 of development processes for industrial products of Siemens





#### Industrial Security Security Information

Siemens provides products and solutions with industrial security functions that support the secure operation of plants, systems, machines and networks.

In order to protect plants, systems, machines and networks against cyber threats, it is necessary to implement – and continuously maintain – a holistic, state-of-the-art industrial security concept. Siemens' products and solutions constitute one element of such a concept.

Customers are responsible for preventing unauthorized access to their plants, systems, machines and networks. Such systems, machines and components should only be connected to an enterprise network or the internet if and to the extent such a connection is necessary and only when appropriate security measures (e.g. firewalls and/or network segmentation) are in place.

For additional information on industrial security measures that may be implemented, please visit https://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity.

Siemens' products and solutions undergo continuous development to make them more secure. Siemens strongly recommends that product updates are applied as soon as they are available and that the latest product versions are used. Use of product versions that are no longer supported, and failure to apply the latest updates may increase customer's exposure to cyber threats.

To stay informed about product updates, subscribe to the Siemens Industrial Security RSS Feed under https://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity.

